

A new strategy for the synthesis of non-symmetrical naphthoquinones and their cytotoxic effect over PC3 prostate cancer cells

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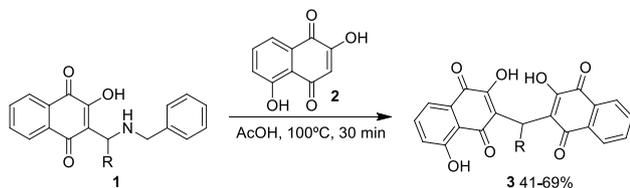
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Introduction

A novel method of synthesis of non-symmetrical 3,3'-(aryl/alkyl-methylene)bis-2-hydroxy-1,4-naphthoquinones was developed using Mannich adduct of naphthoquinone and their reaction with another moiety of 2-hydroxy-1,4-naphthoquinone. This new method produces for the first time non-symmetrical 3,3'-(aryl/alkyl-methylene)bis-2-hydroxy-1,4-naphthoquinones. In a preliminary study, these compounds were evaluated regarding their effect over on the viability of PC3 metastatic prostate cancer cells using MTT assays at 100 μ M. Three out of these compounds presented relevant cytotoxic effect at 72 h post-treatment.

Results and Discussions

The current literature has pointed that the usual method for the synthesis of these bis-2,5-diene-2,6-diol compounds is the domino Knoevenagel condensation of an enol with aldehydes, followed by a Michael reaction conducted with different acid catalysts.¹ Up to now, there are no efficient methods for the preparation of 3,3'-(methylene)bis-2-hydroxy-1,4-naphthoquinones with different naphthoquinones.^{2,3} A novel method for the synthesis of non-symmetrical 3,3'-(aryl/alkyl-methylene) bis-2-hydroxy-1,4-naphthoquinones was developed, which was used to prepare the compounds 3a-i in moderate to good yields (Scheme 1).



Scheme 1. Synthetic route used for the preparations of naphthoquinone 3a-i derivatives

Conclusions

Preliminary screening of these compounds regarding their effects over PC3 metastatic prostate cancer cell viability by MTT assays at 100 μ M revealed that three compounds present promising activities over this cancer cell line.

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